

THE MARION DAILY STAR.

VOL XII NO. 261.

MARION, OHIO, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1889.

PRICE, 3 CENTS.

London Labor Trouble

The Great Strike Approaching an End.

A COMPROMISE AFFECTED.

The Men Will Probably All Be Back at Work by Monday—Cardinal Manning's Efforts to Settle the Trouble Successful.

Other Line on Dispatches.

London, Sept. 14.—At the close of business hours yesterday it was considered certain by both the dock companies and the leaders of the striking laborers that the great contest over the wage question would soon be ended, unless some unexpected hitch should occur in regard to the lightermen resuming work. The dockers were greatly aided during their struggle by the lightermen refusing to work even at advanced wages, and now that the employees of the lightermen seem inclined to withdraw the concessions which were made in the hope of inducing them to return to work, the dockers will return the favor by not resuming work unless the lightermen express themselves as satisfied.

It is thought, however, that this minor impediment to harmony will be got rid of without much trouble, and that by Monday at the latest the great dock strike will resume its wonted appearance of activity and the commerce of the world's metropolis will regain its normal proportions and channels. There is an almost unanimous agreement of opinion that the amicable and mutually creditable settlement of the trouble, now apparently secured, is entirely due to the untiring efforts and great sagacity of Cardinal Manning, who voluntarily took the part of mediator between the obstinate contending parties, and thus, but for the first time, practically illustrated his conception of the functions of a Prelate of religion to be a public servant in the sense of the word.

The service rendered to society by the wise and efficacious counsels of the cardinal in this case are certainly inestimable. Though Burns is a man of extraordinary force of character, with remarkable command over his followers, even his control of the situation could not have lasted indefinitely, and while the issue of the dock companies was only a question of time, or of the amount of money they were willing to lose in prolonging the lock-out, there is no doubt that before work would have been resumed on the old basis of wages, acts of violence would have occurred, the outcome of which might have been appalling.

Russia's Menace to Germany.

BERLIN, Sept. 14.—Russia, in addition to her effort to prevent the judges in the Riga district from allowing the German language to be used in court proceedings, has taken another and more novel step in the Russification of the frontier provinces. She has prohibited the purchase of cattle by German traders in Russia with German money. A large trade is done across the frontier by enterprising German cattle dealers, and the exclusion of German currency from use in these transactions will so seriously hamper the traders that this branch of business is likely to be broken up entirely, or to be forced into new channels.

Russia Disbudding Her Army.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—Signs that seem to be of war have of late been so numerous that the lovers of peace are rejoiced by a token though small of an opposite tendency. The reserve forces which the Serbian government caused to be enrolled some time ago have been ordered to disband on Sept. 18. This action could hardly have been taken unless assurances had been received from Serbia's big neighbor, and ally, that the time was not yet ripe for the Austro-Hungarian collision to occur.

Religious Riot.

SIMLA, Sept. 14.—During the celebration of a religious festival at Robtak, the Mussulmans and Hindoos became involved in religious disputes, which led to rioting. The police were compelled to interfere to stop the fighting, but before they succeeded in quelling the disorder many of the rioters were shot by the officers. The Mussulmans at Dofli, forty-two miles northwest of Robtak, are organizing to avenge insults put upon them by the Hindoos.

Assaulted Wheat in France.

PARIS, Sept. 14.—The latest government reports concerning the wheat crop of France shows that 7,160,000 hectares were sown this year against 6,58,134 hectares last year. It is estimated that the yield will be 11,40,218 hectolitres, against 9,740,528 hectolitres in 1888.

KILLED BY ELECTRICITY.

Fate of an Italian Fruit Vender Who Fell Against the Wires.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—Joseph Manz, an Italian fruit vender, was killed yesterday by falling on a live electric wire. He was trying to clean a gutter and slipped. In rising to save himself he caught one wire with his hand and fell forward on another stretching him in the neck under the chin.

As the poor fellow sought to save himself he gave a shout which startled passers-by, who looking up saw the man actually burn alive. Blue light shot from the wire where it came in contact with his skin, and the wire burned into his flesh with a crackling sound. Two line-men cut the wires and pulled the body into a window just ten minutes after the wire had touched him. The body presented a horrible appearance. Death was instantaneous.

Long Highwayman's Fruities Hand.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 15.—A Colusa dispatch says that the Bartlett's California stage was robbed by one masked man near Lodi, Wednesday. The Wells-Fargo's express box was taken, but it is stated there was nothing in it. Two hundred and fifty miners are now on a strike in the Plumas-Tuolumne district, and 500 more will likely join the strikers next week. The Hungarians struck because the mine owners pay the English-speaking miners forty cents and the Hungarians in the same coal only thirty-five cents.

FOUR MILE BOAT RACE.

Jake Gaudaur Defeats John Teemer in the \$1,000 Contest.

PIERSBURG, Sept. 14.—John Teemer and Jake Gaudaur rowed their race for \$1,000 a side over the McKeesport course from Fort Pitt to McKeesport, a distance of four miles, yesterday afternoon. Gaudaur winning in twenty-three minutes. He was not awarded the race, however, owing to Teemer putting in a claim of foul. He claims it is his, Gaudaur's, trailer, fouled him at the critical stage of the race by rowing in front of him and in his water. If a man claims that he was fifty feet in front of Teemer, and did not foul him, before he took

Gaudaur, Teemer's claim under consideration and will render a decision as to who won the race at 3 o'clock to-day. Teemer's claim of foul will not likely be sustained. About 30,000 people witnessed the race, which was started at 5:40 p.m. by Referee Pringle.

The men both took the water together. Teemer pulled thirty-three strokes and Gaudaur thirty-one. At the eighth of the mile Teemer increased his stroke to thirty-six and Gaudaur to thirty-four. Teemer kept up at the rate of thirty-six strokes for two miles, when he gave out, rowing the balance of the way home at the rate of thirty strokes, while Gaudaur still kept pulling steadily at the rate of thirty-four, and crossed the line a quarter of a mile ahead of Teemer in twenty-three minutes. No official time was taken at any stage of the race, it not being an official course.

Teemer's brother assaulted Hamm after the race, and Hamm had to be escorted to the railway station under police protection.

The betting was two to one on Teemer and McKeesport people have \$25,000 on the race.

FRAUD IN FLOUR.

Serious Charge Against Western Millers Just Discovered.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 14.—There has been considerable excitement in commercial circles here over the discovery, or rather the making public of the discovery, that a great many flour millers in the west have been shipping short weight to their customers here. This sort of thing has been going on for months, but for some reasons the wholesale men neglected to make any exposure of it.

At last, however, the robbers became unbearable, and yesterday afternoon the matter began to be talked of on the street. President Poiney of the state board of flour inspectors, was disposed to speak out on the subject, but the wholesalers were disposed to keep everything quiet.

Again her youth protected her and she returned to her brother's home. Two months later she stole a horse from Lewis Losley. She was pursued and captured at Greenwood, on the Ohio river, and returned to the Putnam country jail. She remained in jail a few weeks and by her ingenuity disposed of the horse, however, and good conduct won her way into the confidence of jailor Melton, who allowed her many privileges to his cost. About three weeks ago the jailor going up to take her breakfast discovered she had very cleverly cut her way out. Further investigation revealed the fact that she had come down into the jailor's rooms, stolen a suit of clothes, took the stable key and decamped with a fine horse belonging to Dr. Carpenter, which was in possession of the jailor.

Poiney said these shipments included about 10,000 barrels, and each barrel was short from one to four pounds, the average shortage being somewhere between a pound and a half and two and a half pounds.

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There is a great deal of sympathy expressed for her by some of the leading citizens and a strong effort will be made in her defense at the circuit court which convenes on Sept. 23, 1889.

Miss Etta Robbins.

The Criminal Career of a Seventeen-Year-Old Girl.

FOUR TIMES A HORSE THIEF.

Arrested and Locked Up in Jail. She Manages to Escape and Travels Forty Miles at Night—Being Closely Pursued. She Swims a Mile in a Raging River but is Finally Captured and Returned to Jail to Escape the Second Time.

WINFIELD, W. Va., Sept. 14.—Four

times a horse thief, twice a jail breaker: that tells the most important events in the sensational life of 17-year-old Etta Robbins. Incidentally she has travelled scores of miles at night, dared wild beasts, slept in caves. In the earth and swam a mile in a raging river to escape pursuers.

Etta Robbins was born near Marietta, O., and came to this county two years ago to visit two of her brothers who live in this county. She was then as now, a pretty round-cheeked, brown-eyed girl, full of life and a favorite with all who knew her. She is an animated picture of innocence, and apparently has not the slightest idea of how wicked the world is. She uses good language, dresses in perfect taste, is virtuous and was never known to tell a lie. She is at the same time a stranger to fear and is as full of ingenuity as Edison is of ideas.

Six months ago she was visiting her brother, who resides on what is known as Five and Twenty mile creek, a small stream emptying into the Kanawha river, six miles from this place. Etta stopped at the house of Thomas Handly on whose farm Robbins is employed. One morning Etta was missing, as was also a fine horse belonging to Nathan Motley, a nearby farmer. It was supposed Etta had grown homesick and returned to her parents. Armed men traced the stolen horse forty miles across the wildest country to Salt creek, an insignificant stream emptying into the Ohio river near Gallipolis.

The pursuers were dismounted to find the horse in the girl's possession. While debating the affair the girl, who was still on the animal's back, dashed into the river and attempted to swim to the Ohio shore but was caught. She said she took the horse about 9 o'clock at night, and rode him the whole forty miles through a strange country before daylight. Then she camped in the woods a day and night and was caught just as she was leaving the state. She was placed in the lock up here, but during the night crawled out through the chimney, and returned to Haully's. Mr. McCoy decided the girl was too young and innocent to be a promiscuous horse thief, and declined to prosecute.

A few weeks later a fine horse belonging to another farmer of the neighborhood, named Smith, was missing at the time a great flood was in the Kanawha and the back waters filled all the creeks for miles. The bottoms were seas of water. The horse was tracked to the edge of the back water at the foot of the hills, then all trace was lost.

Next day it was discovered on the opposite side of the river several miles below. The third day the horse and Etta Robbins were found hidden in a dark recess in a forbidding hollow. The girl had swum the flood a miles on the horse's back, then rode it in the edge of the water several miles farther. She had slept out every night, living on what she could steal.

Again her youth protected her and she returned to her brother's home. Two months later she stole a horse from Lewis Losley. She was pursued and captured at Greenwood, on the Ohio river, and returned to the Putnam country jail.

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Two Weeks More Selecting Jurymen.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 14.—Over one-half of the peremptory challenges of the defense in the Cronin case are now gone. Five were used yesterday, fifty-one of the one hundred challenges credited to the prisoners have been exercised. At this rate of progress a jury ought to be selected within two weeks. Pearson is still held as a possible juror, but it is said that he will soon be dismissed by the state. Real Estate Agent Culver is another possible juror. He has been passed by both sides. He is considered good enough by the state.

Four Weeks More Selecting Jurymen.

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W. G. HARDING.

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Delivered by Carrier, 10cts per Week
SATURDAY. — SEPTEMBER 14.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATION.

A class of seventeen applicants before the Board—The Questions.

A class of seventeen applicants for teachers' certificates was before the board of county examiners today. Below are the questions and problems submitted:

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Describe the circulation of the blood.
Give the effects of alcohol on the blood.
Describe the liver and name its functions.
Describe the lungs and name their functions.

GRAMMAR.

Parse emphasized words: O LET US SIT,
THE SECRET JOY PARTAKE, TO FOLLOW VIRTUE,
THE DEXTER FOR VIRTUE'S SAKE.—POPE.

Analyze: 'Tis I, Hamlet the Dane.—Shakespeare. This is my son, mine own Telemachus.—Tennyson.

Which parts of speech have an attributive relation? Illustrate.

What are the rules of syntax?

What is phonism? Illustrate.

Write a sentence containing all parts of speech.

What is the difference between analyzing and parsing?

GEOGRAPHY.

Locate the Samoan Islands.

Describe the principal circle of the earth.
What determines the limits of the zones?

What causes the comparative mildness of the climate in England?

Name the principal monsoon regions of the earth.

Define spring tides; neap tides.

Name the principal capes of North America.

Locate New Zealand and name the principal production.

Describe the surface structure of Asia.

What is the theory concerning the condition of the interior parts of the earth?

HISTORY.

Name the thirteen colonies.

Describe the "Boston tea party."

What were the articles of confederation?

What is a republic? How does it differ from a pure democracy?

What were the provisions of the Omnibus bill?

What was the principal cause of the War of the Rebellion?

Describe the first battle of the Revolutionary War.

What good reasons can you give for teaching United States history in the schools?

What incentives do you use in teaching this subject?

Give an account of the dispute over the presidential office in 1856.

ARITHMETIC.

A merchant has 200 pounds of tea, worth 62 1/2 per pound, which he will sell at 56c per pound, provided the purchaser will pay in coffee at 22c per pound, which is worth 25c per pound; does the merchant gain or lose by sale of the tea, and how much per cent?

A farmer sold 50 fowls, consisting of geese and turkeys. For the geese he received 75¢ apiece, for the turkeys \$1.25 apiece and for the whole he received \$62.50; how many were there of each?

A and B trade until they gain 6 per cent. on their stock; then A's gain was \$18; if A's gain was to B's as 2 to 3, how much did each gain, and what was the original stock of each?

20 per cent. of 45 of a number is how many per cent. of 2 times 3/4 of 1/2 times the number?

What is the interval of time between March 20, 21 minutes past 3 o'clock p.m., and April 11, 5 minutes past 11 o'clock a.m.?

A grocer has sugar worth 10 cents, 11 cents, and 12 cents per pound; in what proportion may he mix them to form a mixture worth 12 cents per pound?

What is the diameter of a circle 33 yards in circumference?

A has \$120, B has \$240, and C \$36; they agree to purchase tea at the highest price per head that will allow each man to invest all his money; how many cows can each man purchase?

What is the smallest sum of money for which I could purchase an exact number of books at \$6, or \$5, or \$4, or \$2 each?

A person owning 5 1/2 of a piece of property, sold 20 per cent. of his share; what part did he then own?

C. and A. Excursion Rates.

On Sept. 21 and Oct. 8, 1889, the Chicago and Atlantic road will sell round trip tickets at one limited first class rate for the round trip to all points in Arkansas, Southern Missouri, beyond and including Butler, Clinton and Springfield, except that tickets shall not be sold to Missouri River points in any case, to Texas, Indian Territory, New Mexico, Colorado, Montana, Wyoming, Utah, Idaho, Arizona and Dakota; to Nebraska and Kansas, except Missouri River points; to all points in Northwestern Iowa, west of Iowa Falls, Webster City, Wall Lake, Sioux City, Mason City and Sumner; to all points in Minnesota, west of Sleepy Eye, Winnebago City, Olivia, Lake Crystal, Belgrade, Morton, Little Falls and Wilmar. Tickets to be limited thirty days from day of sale.

S. V., L. E. and W. Excursion Rates.
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The committee on resolutions followed with its report. W. E. Seaford mounted

DEMOCRACY'S DAY.

THE ANNUAL COUNTY CONVENTION OF NOMINATES IS TICKET.

At the Present Convention Recommended by Acclamation, Commissioner the Only Close Contest Detailed Report of the Convention's Proceedings.

The Ticket.
Representative—Geo. B. Seaford.
Auditor—W. L. Clark.
Treasurer—Geo. W. Cook.
Sherriff—Patrick Kelly.
Commissioner—M. V. Uueapher.
Infirmary Director—H. W. Bly.

Foreman's Session.

This was the Democracy's annual day, and one who has observed convention day in the past would have known this to be the day without having seen the announcement—the sights were so familiar.

The delegates from all parts of the county began to arrive early. For a comparatively off year the interest manifested was unparallelled. This was due to the sectional contest for different places. For instance, the contest for auditor stirred the whole west end, and the race for commissioner made things lively in the east end. Marion was stirred up mostly over representative, and the north and south sides felt the influences of all these contests.

As usual, the court house surroundings composed the battle ground, and there the ante convention contest was waged. Shaking hands and button-holing were incessant, and the temporary organization did not fully attract the interested crowd.

At 10:30 good-looking and modest John H. Thomas, who spent last year "In the saddle," called the convention to order. H. T. VanFleet was chosen temporary chairman and H. V. Snyder secretary. Mr. VanFleet briefly addressed the convention, congratulated the Democracy on its growth, from a minority to a large majority and predicted Campbell's election, which of course was vigorously applauded. He also alluded to Tanner being ousted, but handled the subject discreetly. His remarks on the selection of candidates were timely and the convention received them with hearty cheers.

The temporary organization was completed by the selection of the following committees:

PROBLEMS.
Tally, Frank Swisher
Scott, H. V. Young
Grand Prairie, Wm. Beatty
Grand, D. Heickman
Montgomery, W. P., Chas. Noyes
" E. P., C. Shultz
Big Island, W. L. Gutherford
Marion, C. Hubberman
First ward, Walter Mackin
Second ward, Jacob Moag
Third ward, H. P. Clark
Fourth ward, S. H. Rupp
Chardon, N. P., John Bentley
" S. P., James Ellson
Birdland, J. G. Lehner
Plowman, J. A. Almondine
Green Creek, J. L. Ludden
Bowling Green, J. H. Hogan
Prospect, J. H. Oswald
Waldo, Chas. Knickle

REDEEMER AND ORDER OF BUSINESS.

Tally, J. F. Criswell
Scott, Jacob Young
Grand Prairie, Henry Hill
Salt Rock, Wm. McPherson
Grand, P. Robbins
Montgomery, W. P., C. P. Johnson
" E. P., H. E. McCullough
Big Island, Wm. Landinger
Marion, D. Mulley
First ward, J. G. Fairbanks
Second ward, Con'Brien
Third ward, Thomas Ryan
Fourth ward, Fred Heitner
Chardon, N. P., L. M. Hipsner
" S. P., S. H. Bratton
Richland, Wm. Klingel
Plowman, S. A. Sage
Green Creek, C. Baesler
Prospect, J. E. Lusk
Waldo, Simon Culpeper

RESOLUTIONS.

Tally, W. F. Hart
Scott, Henry Knowles
Grand Prairie, F. Bartholomew
Salt Rock, J. B. Conroy
Grand, George Lanch
Montgomery, W. P., Owen Kinne
" E. P., W. G. Gougeon
Macon, T. David
First ward, W. L. Ireland
Second ward, W. E. Sestok
Fourth ward, George Schubert
Chardon, N. P., Thomas Mack
" S. P., S. J. Hipsner
Richland, F. Epler
Plowman, G. B. Borringer
Green Creek, H. Rader
Bowling Green, J. Martin
Prospect, J. H. Bowson
Waldo, J. G. Augustine

The convention then adjourned, but not wholly a satisfied crowd, for, as you keep it, there is dissatisfaction over the result, though probably none serious enough to affect the result this tall.

Then followed the report of the committee on resolutions.

The convention failed to open promptly on time for the most interesting part of its session. The hustling of candidates and their co-workers held the delegates about the court house, seemingly loath to assemble, some dreading the coming test or struggle.

Music Hall was well filled, however by 2 o'clock, when Chairman VanFleet called the convention to order. The gathering was no less prominent than that of last year, and the side and rear sections of the hall was crowded by interested spectators.

Mr. VanFleet, with a cane for a gavel, rapped for order and called for the report of the committee on credentials. The committee reported all wards and precincts represented with no credentials. The Scott township delegation gave some trouble to this committee. Two delegates from Salt Rock were absent and the committee suggested two men for the place. Mr. Riley, of Salt Rock, endeavored to have the report reconsidered, but it was lost. The committee's report was then adopted.

Then followed the report of the committee on permanent organization and rules and order of business. The temporary organization was made permanent with the addition of James Jaeger as assistant secretary. It was decided that a majority of all votes was necessary for a nomination. Mr. VanFleet again thanked the convention for the honor conferred, and made some address, briefly touching some of the campaign issues.

The committee on resolutions followed with its report. W. E. Seaford mounted

the platform and read the rather remarkable address of the committee. The resolution as read, and at times vigorously applauded, endorsed the state platform, endorsed the saught Cleveland and predicted his return to office in '92, praised Campbell, denounced Harrison's administration, roared Parker and yelled loudly for home rule. The report was unanimously endorsed by the convention.

The committee on central committee reported the following for that place: Frank Shultz, of Salt Rock; Franklin Swisher, of Tally; E. A. Finnerock, of Prospect; J. G. Ruth, of Green Camp, N. E. Thaler; Chas. Letter and Dennis Malloy, of Marion; J. P. Uueapher, of Big Island; and John Benson, of Montgomery.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

The various candidates were then announced, and a ballot called for nomination of a representative. Messrs. A. D. Matthews, Geo. B. Seaford and S. E. Hahn were the aspirants, and theirs was the first suspense ended. Mr. Seaford proved to be an easy winner, the ballot resulting as follows: Seaford 81, Hahn 29, Matthews 22, B. G. Young 3. Mr. Seaford was pronounced the nominee, and called forward. Though visibly embarrassed he briefly addressed the convention, thanking them for the honor.

FOR ATTORON.

A ballot for auditor was next called. Mr. G. K. Gutherie, whose candidacy for the place was quite vigorous, secured the re-nomination of the chair, and gracefully withdrew his name. The withdrawal was received with great cheering. Mr. Clark was then nominated by acclamation. Mr. Clark was called for a speech but was unable to say a word more than his thanks.

FOR SHERRIFF.

Patsy Kelly was enthusiastically recommended in the same manner. Again there was a clamor for speech, but modest Patsy could say nothing but thanks.

FOR COUNCILLOR.

The names suggested for commissioner were Samuel Craft, D. M. Homan, M. V. Uueapher, Wm. Hill and W. L. Court. Here more than one ballot was necessary, as the three leaders started out about evenly. The first ballot resulted as follows: Homan 20, Uueapher 11, Hill 8, Court 22, Craft 35. When it was announced and a second ballot was called, two-thirds of the delegates burst out in piercing yells for their favorites, endeavoring to stampede the convention.

The second ballot was noted by several changes and it proved the contest to be narrowing down between Uueapher and Craft. Two votes too many were cast, but it made no serious difference in the result, as it was decided that the two leading candidates were to be chosen.

The third ballot was called. Before the voting began Mr. Homan's name was withdrawn. Mr. Craft made noticeable gains on Mr. Uueapher on this ballot, resulting in Uueapher 56, Hill 4, Court 29, Craft 52. No nomination.

The fourth ballot began a contest of cells between the Craft and Uueapher men, and it is undecided which made the most noise. Now Uueapher made the promising gain.

The result was as follows: Uueapher 62, Hill 21, Court 28, Craft 46.

The fifth ballot was called. Before the voting began Mr. Homan's name was withdrawn. Mr. Craft made noticeable gains on Mr. Uueapher on this ballot, resulting in Uueapher 71, Craft 68, Court 2, a total of 103—four too many.

The sixth proved the last ballot and it was a close one. It resulted in Mr. Uueapher's nomination by a vote of 72 to 67.

INTERIMARY DIRECTOR.

H. W. Riley and Jacob Ulmer were named for nomination for interim director. The nomination of Mr. Riley was short work, the ballot resulting as follows: Riley 106, Ulmer 33.

The convention then adjourned, but not wholly a satisfied crowd, for, as you keep it, there is dissatisfaction over the result, though probably none serious enough to affect the result this tall.

Then followed the report of the committee on resolutions.

A poet should never grow old—or he should not let it be known. There might be a secret language among the kindred of poets to prevent the discovery of the date of their birth. Aged philosophers seem in the natural order of things, but the man that writes of youth, love and the fair face of nature, or the passions which rarely exist beyond middle age, should never grow old. Lord Tennyson at 80 does not seem as if he could be the poet, Alfred Tennyson, but the fact that he was born on Aug. 6, 1809, is being proclaimed by all the papers. The New York Times says: "In combined length and distinction there is in English literature no contemporary or recent parallel to Tennyson's career."—Pittsburg Bulletin.

Luckylanders.

The much maligned compositor and proof reader have saved one newspaper from serious loss. The Gazette de France is the inky sheet. Accused with several other papers of printing without authority the act of accusation against General Roulanger, The Gazette escaped on showing that owing to serious mistakes in composition and proof reading the document it published was not a true copy of the act, that the offense contemplated by law had not been committed. The other papers whose composers and proof readers were above reproach were convicted and fined.—Chicago Tribune.

Then followed the report of the committee on permanent organization and rules and order of business. The temporary organization was made permanent with the addition of James Jaeger as assistant secretary. It was decided that a majority of all votes was necessary for a nomination. Mr. VanFleet again thanked the convention for the honor conferred, and made some address, briefly touching some of the campaign issues.

The committee on resolutions followed with its report. W. E. Seaford mounted

Local Time Card.

Following is the time of arrival of and departure of trains and from the several depots in this city, according to the latest tables.

CHIEF.

WEST. EAST.

No. 1 10:30 a. m. No. 12 1:30 p. m.

No. 37 9:20 a. m. No. 1 1:30 p. m.

No. 5 12:30 p. m. No. 2 2:30 p. m.

No. 3 10:30 p. m. No. 4 2



SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

THINGS SAID AND DONE IN THE WORLD OF TODAY.

A Shrub in Bad Repute Among Farmers, but Highly Praised by Botanists and Landscape Artists on Account of Its Beauty and Mythological Name.

All students of mythology know the story of Andromeda, the lovely daughter of Cepheus, king of Ethiopia, and Cassiopeia, whom jealous nymphs induced Neptune to chain to a rock in the sea, to be destroyed by a monster sent from the deep. It has been a favorite subject for sculptors and artists since the story was first told. As Perseus destroyed the monster then, and rescued the lovely maid, so may some modern hero, some Perseus in the form of a landscape artist of our time, save from oblivion the plant that bears the name, claims a writer in American Gardener, who explains as follows:



ANDROMEDA MARIANA.

The Andromeda Mariana is a shrub commonly met on sandy or light soils in Long Island, New Jersey and southward, where it is in bad repute among the farmers, who entertain the opinion that its leaves are injurious to sheep when eaten by them, producing a disease called the "staggers." Hence its common name Stagger Bush or Kill Calf. It is also said that the honey which the bees extract from its flowers is slightly poisonous. This latter assertion, to say the least, is open to question, there not being a particle of evidence to sustain the opinion. Whatever properties it may possess, medical or otherwise, nothing can detract from its beauty or desirability as an ornamental shrub. It grows from one to two feet high, with foliage not unlike that of the privet, the stems completely furnished with snowy white flowers, as may be seen in the illustration. The flowers remain long on the bush, being in perfection in June, and sparingly met the entire summer.

Why Gold in Jewelry Changes Color.

It is well known that the human body contains humors and solids, similar in action to and having a like tendency toward base metals, as nitric and sulphuric acids have, namely, to tarnish or dissolve them, varying in quality in different persons. Thousands wear continually, without any ill effects, the cheaper class of jewelry, with base ear wires, while if others wore the same article for a few days they would be troubled with sore ears, or, in other words, the solids contained in the system would act on the brass as to produce ill results. Instances have occurred in which articles of jewelry of any grade below eighteen carats have been tarnished in a few days, merely from the above named cause. True, these instances are not very frequent; nevertheless, it is as well to know them. Every case is not the fault of the goods not wearing well, as it is generally called, but the result of the particular constitution of the wearer, says The Jeweler's Circular.

Chameleons Like Spiders.

All observant people must have seen the yellow spiders on yellow flowers, and white spiders on white flowers, that catch bees and other insects which visit the flowers—not noticing their enemies because of their deceptive coloring. These spiders live by their looks, and never go to the trouble of spinning a web. James Angus considers that these white and yellow spiders belong to the same species, and that they can change their color according to the flower they select.

The Principle of Swimming.

The human body is lighter on the whole than an equal volume of water; it consequently floats on the surface, and still better in sea water, which is heavier than fresh water. The difficulty in swimming consists in keeping the head above water. In men, the head being heavier than the lower parts, the tendency is to sink. Hence swimming is not natural to him, but an art to be acquired. With quadrupeds, on the contrary, the head is less heavy than the posterior part of the body, and swimming is therefore natural.

Weight for weight, fat persons swim more easily than lean ones, for they displace more water. For the same reason air bladders or cork girdles, known as safety belts, are fastened to persons learning to swim, for then without any considerable increase of weight they displace more water, which increases buoyancy and keeps them up. Ducks, geese and similar birds swim easily on water. They owe this property to a thick coating of a light, impervious down which covers the lower part of the body, so

How to Distinguish a Good Melon.

A large dealer in watermelons gives these directions for telling a good melon: "Lay the melon on its back, belly up. You can tell the belly, because it is white, or of lighter color than the rest of the melon. Scratch the skin of the belly with your finger nail. If the skin is tender and the melon is yet firm to the pressure of the finger, so that it can with difficulty pierce it with your nail, it is probably a good melon."

Pretty Fancies for Serving Desserts.

Corn husks filled with mesembryanthemum represent another of the ingenious devices with which fashionable caterers surprise and please exacting patrons, while halves of orange rind filled with orange cream or ice, furnish a fancy more suited to the domestic facilities of thrifty housekeepers. Biscuits of ice cream continue to be the popular form of frozen dessert.

Almond Pattern.

Line patties with pastry; fill with a mixture of whites of three eggs, a quarter of a pound of powdered sugar, juice of half a lemon, and half a pound of blanched and chopped almonds. Bake in a moderate oven.

Pickled Plums.

One peck of plums, seven pounds of sugar, one pint of good vinegar and spices to taste. Boil till well cooked.

A Parisian Novelty in Gloves.

The Florida sponge fisherman detect the presence of sponges by means of a water glass, which is a simple contrivance, being a circular piece of glass inserted in the bottom of a bucket. The bucket is thrust into the water, and looking through the glass the sponge hunter can clearly distinguish any object on the bottom of the sea, even if the water be rough. The sponges are gathered with a pole from eighteen to forty feet long, with a three pronged iron claw at the end.

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ALL AROUND THE HOUSE

Cuffs, Collars and Socks "Done Up" to Be White, Stiff and Shining.

Husbands, fathers and brothers need no longer help to support John Chapman or his great contemporary, the steam laundry, but, according to a writer in Good Housekeeping, may revel in linen that is stiff and lustrous if their women kind will adopt for the home laundry instructions which are substantially as follows:

The starch for cuffs, collars and shirts, which are supposed to be snowy white, is made much thicker than ordinary, so that when it is cold you can slice it with a knife. For four shirts, a dozen collars and as many pairs of cuffs, put to boil in a clean saucepan with copper bottom, one and a half quarts of clear water; have ready a cupful of best glass starch dissolved in cold water, and when the water on the stove is gurgling (for it must "dance" as well as "sing"), pour in the melted starch, stirring well, and boil carefully till it is translucent. It must be quite thick, and if one cupful (as cup's vary) is not enough, dissolve more and add, being careful not to let it burn. Fifteen to twenty minutes boiling I find sufficient, and it is ready to strain in a three cornered cheese cloth bag, which you will find better than thicker goods. Now add a teaspoonful of kerosene and a few drops of bluing.

The starch made and the clothes ready, you may now proceed to business. Don't be in a hurry, for what time you consume in the starching will be made up in the ironing. As soon as the starch is sufficiently cool to bear your hand take a shirt which has just come from the rinsing water, gather up the bosom, immerse in the starch, rub well, and vigorously till the starch has entered every fold of the bosom, lining and all; don't wring or squeeze, but draw it through your fingers well, slipping off all superfluous starch; treat band and wristbands the same, hang up until bone dry. Proceed to do the same to the collars and cuffs, not forgetting that success in the ironing depends wholly upon how well you roll in the starch. In stripping them of the starch, endeavor to smooth out all wrinkles while wet, and when dry they will rattle like paper.

If the ironing does not take place until the next day, put your linen away carefully out of the dust, but do not sprinkle. A half hour before you are ready to iron, wring out of cold water very dry a clean white cotton ring twice the size of a towel, lay the collars and cuffs on it, with a fold of the rag between each article, roll up smoothly and tight. On the shirt bosom lay a similar rag, only smaller, enough to cover the starched parts, roll as before and put away for thirty minutes. Heat on the fire three polishing irons which are oblong in shape with rounded corners. The ones I have have corrugated surface which aids much in obtaining that lustre so envied in well laundered linens.

When the time is up, take one article at a time, lay on a clean white ironing board. See that your hands are immaculate and your iron is clean; rub the latter on brown paper and then on a bit of beeswax, then on a clean rag. If your polisher is at the right heat, it will only take a few firm, rubs up and down on each side to make you feel proud of your collars and cuffs. The shirt bosom is drawn out smoothly on a basin board, after ironing the sleeves and tail, also the neck and wrist bands. Now grasp the neck with your left hand and slide, as it were, your iron up the middle, sending all wrinkles to the sides instead of the top or bottom. Press firmly, curve around the neckline, so that it will stand, put a pin in it to preserve its shape, fold, and your work is done. Don't be discouraged by your first failure, bearing in mind that the ironing is the least part of the work, and that success depends upon white clothes and thorough starching.

A Desirable Sofa Cushion.

The sofa cushion shown in the cut has the merit of being both handsome and serviceable. The embroidery is carried out on gray sash, framed in strawberry colored plush, satin of the same shade being used for lining.



SOFA CUSHION.

The designs are worked for the flowers and leaves with strawberry and olive colored split flosses of various shades in basket and point Russe stitch, a few French knots being introduced here and there. The outlines, stems and tendrils are worked with gold cord sown down with silk.

Ends of the Mosquito.

The latest safeguard to prevent the lively mosquito from getting in his work in the household is to take of gum camphor a piece about one-third the size of a hen's egg and wrap it in a cloth; lay it in a tin vessel and holding it over a lamp, taking care that it does not ignite. This smoke will soon fill the room and expel the mosquitoes, and it is claimed that they will not return, even though the windows should be left open all night.

To Distinguish a Good Melon.

A large dealer in watermelons gives these directions for telling a good melon: "Lay the melon on its back, belly up. You can tell the belly, because it is white, or of lighter color than the rest of the melon. Scratch the skin of the belly with your finger nail. If the skin is tender and the melon is yet firm to the pressure of the finger, so that it can with difficulty pierce it with your nail, it is probably a good melon."

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WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

CORRECT STYLES IN DRESS FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

The Incoming Fashions—A Felix Costume and a Viro Hat for Autumn Wear—A Picturesque and Comfortable Blouse Dress for Little Girls.

Numbered with early importations are the charming Felix costume and Viro hat shown in the annexed cut. The dress is of a pale brown silk and striped brown wool and silk, with chenille dots embroidered on the stripes.

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The Largest Stock, The Best Quality, The Lowest Prices

— ON —

CHINaware, QUEENSware, GLASSware AND LAMPS,

— IS FOUND AT —

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

S. & F. R. SAITER,

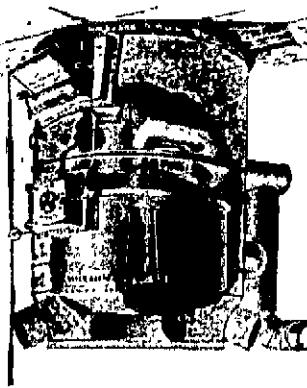
AGENTS FOR THE
ECONOMY WARM AIR
FURNACES!

Guaranteed to heat a 6 to 8 room house with
6 to 8 tons of coal. Our full stock of
all the New and Improved

Heating Stoves,
Wrought Steel Ranges, Grates,
Manels,

Enamelled and Glazed Tiles are now
on our floors.

Call and see us. WE WANT YOUR TRADE!



MATTRESSES!

Prices at the bottom! All kinds, sizes and
styles, from \$1.90 up.

We have a full line of goods at our factory, which we will be
pleased to show, whether you want to buy or not.

Prompt attention to renovating and repairing.
We guarantee our work.

Smith Mattress Co.

COAL!

L. B. GURLEY, dealer
in all kinds of Coal.
TO SAVE MONEY
buy your winter supply
now. Office N. of Jail.

A GENTS WANTED—In every city and
town in the country sell the Taylor Patented
Adjustable Ladder which is
manufactured in New York and New England
agents average \$30 per week; agents
permanent; exclusive territory. Address
Taylor Adjustable Ladder Store, No. 10
Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio. 257

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished trout
room at No. 25 North East street.

FOR RENT—Suite of rooms in Cen-
tral block 2d floor; price \$12.50
per month. J. G. LEEFER, The Grocer.

FOR SALE CHIP—A light phaeton
in good repair. Vine street, corner
Mt Vernon Ave. R. H. Johnson.

LOST—The handle to a silk parasol. It
is of wood, black and about one foot
long. Its return to this office will be
rewarded.

LOST—A Knight's Fleur-de-lis
watch with the name of S. A. Cuth
engraved thereon. Its return to the store
of Colly & Stone will be liberally rewarded.

WANTED—Five car loads of potash.
For particulars call at P. J. Pot-
man's grocery, south Main street.

Nice bananas 15 cents per dozen at J.
W. Thew's.

Frank Robinson was among the visitors
at Upper Sandusky, Friday.

We are receiving daily plenty of nice
peaches and grapes. COLLY & STONE.

CHASE & HUNTER,
REAL ESTATE DEALERS,
Marion, Ohio.

FOR SALE—Corner lot on Park boule-
vard; \$500.

FOR SALE—The property built by Dr
Want on Boulevard, has five good
rooms and cellar, large lot and handy
to shops and railroad yards; \$1500.

FOR SALE—Vaemt lot on Jefferson
street for \$300.

FOR SALE—Five room property on
Jefferson street for \$1050.

FOR SALE—Five room property on
Main avenue for \$1100 cash or its
equal.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

Fair weather, followed by light rains; northerly winds; slightly cooler.

DR. WARNER'S Health Underwear, MANUFACTURED FROM Camel's Hair and Natural Wool,

Free from dyes or adulterations of any kind.

We are sole agents in Marion for these celebrated goods for ladies and children and carry them in stock. Ladies' Vests and Pants, Children's Vests and Pants. Ladies' Combination Suits. Catalogues and Price Lists furnished on application.

WARNER & EDWARDS.

For fine correspondence, will be found
ruled and unruled

TABLETS!

In Commercial, Packet and Letter sizes, in
all the popular grades of paper, at
WIANT'S.

THANKS RETURNED

Not to return thanks to friends and customers for their very liberal patronage, which has already helped to place the firm with which I have been connected at the head of the retail grocery trade here, would seem unnatural and very ungrateful. Having secured full control of the business of the late firm of Thew & Manz, I wish, while returning thanks, to extend general invitation to my old friends and customers and as many new ones as wish to avail themselves of the many advantages and extra inducements which I expect to offer them, both on low prices and quality of goods, to call. In connection with a large stock of staple and grocery groceries will be shown one of the largest stocks of lamps, glassware and queensware in Marion, bought at cash prices and will be sold at bottom prices. Call and see me.

J. W. THEW.

C. H. V. and T. EXCISION RATES.

On Sept. 15th and 16th the C. H. V. and T. railroad will sell excision tickets to Strasburg at rate of two cents per mile, in each direction, good returning to Sept. 16th, inclusive.

On Sept. 16th, 17th and 18th the C. H. V. and T. railroad will sell excision tickets to Columbus at rate of one cent per mile in each direction, on account of the meeting of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of I. O. O. F. This will be the first conclave of the sovereign body in its new headquarters, and in honor thereof the second army corps of the Patriotic Militant have been ordered into grand encampment at Columbus during the meeting of the Grand Lodge and will participate in grand parade and competitive drills. Thousands of dollars have been subscribed by the order and citizens of Columbus which will be awarded in prizes to best drilled regiments, battalions, caontions and largest uniformly dressed lodges and encampments in parade. Special train service will be provided.

W. H. KELLY, residing in Bowing Green township, had about one hundred bushels of wheat destroyed by fire Friday, the result of his wheat stacks being ignited by a short engine.

An infant daughter, aged three weeks, of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Smith, residing a few miles east of town, died Friday evening. The funeral took place from the house at 2 o'clock today.

Richwood is preparing to hold another street fair. Such institutions are growing quite popular in enterprising cities which are excluded from the regular fair lists because of not being county seats.

Hamilton county is now the banner of voter county in northern Ohio. In thirty-four of the forty cases now pending the parties were nominated in other counties and states and have moved to Findlay during the past ten years.

The Chicago and Atlantic railroad will sell coal Tuesday, commencing Sept. 10th and ending Oct. 5th, excision tickets to Chicago. Tickets good returning up to and including the following Monday after day of sale. Fare for the round trip \$6.20. As come Inter State Industrial Exposition.

The fine decoration of Tracy & Smith's show window attracted much attention today. The testy display of watches and diamond rings, of which they are making a specialty, was passed by no one, but all stopped to admire about eighteen hundred dollars' worth of jewelry exhibited.

Mr. Smith proved himself an artist by the elegant manner in which it was arranged, the motto making a fine effect.

WANT THE RIGHT MAN. Sherman Kelly arrived home from Parkersburg, W. Va., this morning, whether he had gone to identify a colored man supposed to be the murderer, Jake Nappier. The fellow, though a tough case, did not prove to be the man wanted, failing to answer the description in size, though resembling Nappier's face.

The Sheriff says he was agreeably surprised at the file of Parkersburg, which is a very enterprising city.

WHEAT RICKS BURNED. One Caledonia correspondent writes that David Seckler, while threshing on the Andy Seckler farm, four miles northwest of that place, had two large wheat ricks burn up. They caught fire from the engine. The loss is fully covered by insurance in the Ohio Farmers Insurance company.

THE LADIES' DELIGHT. The pleasant effects and the perfect safety with which ladies may use the liquid extractive, Syrup of Figs, under all conditions make it their favorite remedy. It is pleasing to the eye and to the taste, gentle, yet effectual in acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels.

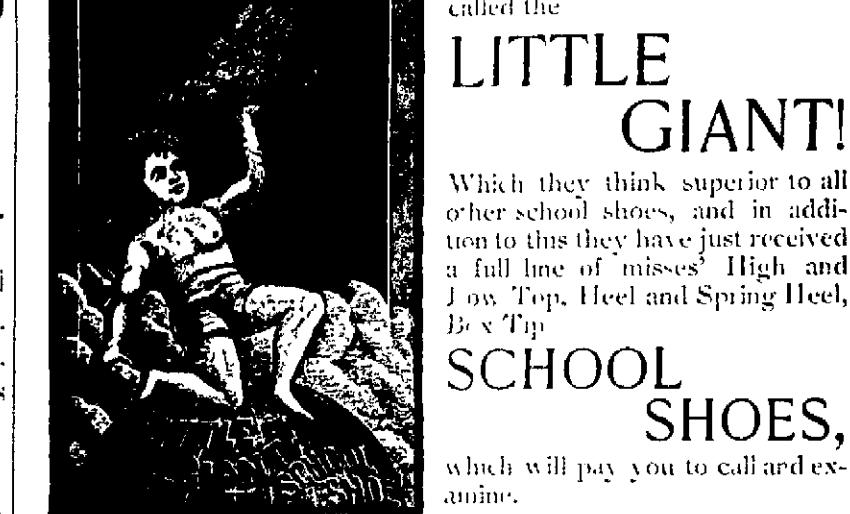
HOME-MADE WINES. A. Ratchaput is prepared to deliver his famous home-made wines to any part of Marion. These wines of his own make, are highly recommended by physicians for medicinal use. He has Calcutta, Cognac, Delaware, Eau-de-vie, and other brands. Give them a trial. Call at his cellar at residence if you desire to select.

11-101

HO! FOR SCHOOL!

TRISTRAM & YOUNG LITTLE GIANT!

Wish to call the attention of the public to a new improved shoe called the



which they think superior to all other school shoes, and in addition to this they have just received a full line of 'misses' High and Low Top, Heel and Spring Heel, Box Tip, SCHOOL SHOES, which will pay you to call and examine.

Boys and girls going to school do more walking in an hour than a grown person does in a day, and hence should have the very best wearing footwear, which can be had at

TRISTRAM & YOUNG'S.

MATTRESSES AND SPRINGS.

Curled Hair: Cotton Lap (special process); Regular Cotton; Palm Leaf and Cotton; Plain Husk; Pure and Mixed Husk, Cotton Top, Mattresses, made up in one piece and in sections. Also, Trenton Lace Web, All Woven Wire, All Spiral and Combination Bed Springs in different sizes, at

H. SCHAFFNER'S.

UNDERTAKING

In all its details receives careful and special attention. Day or night calls promptly responded to.

H. SCHAFFNER.

NEW FALL GOODS!

My Full Stock of BOOTS AND SHOES!

Is now in, opened out and marked at prices that make ATTRACTIVE BARGAINS.

Positively, I have opened out a finer and larger stock than I have ever before purchased. Wearers of Fine Footwear are urged to inspect it, and Bargain Seekers are assured that they will be interested by a visit.

SCHOOL SHOES!

For the Boys and Girls.

G. ROSENBERG,

South Main Street.

OYSTERS!

The season has opened and the delicious bivalves are arriving fresh from the best Baltimore bays. Rest assured the

ENGLISH : KITCHEN

will retain its reputation for being Oyster Headquarters in Marion.

Nothing but canned goods handled, as they are best and cheapest.

We serve them in any style at the Kitchen Dining Hall.

The English Kitchen,

B. HALL, Proprietor.

GURLEY & MONROE,

(Successors to Williams & Gurley) Dealers in

FLOUR AND FEED!

Best Brands of Flour in the market. All kinds of Feed—Corn, Oats, Hay, Straw, Mill Feed, Screenings, Cracked Corn and Corn and Oats Chop. All

ORDERS DELIVERED PROMPTLY!

OFFICE AND SALESROOM, NORTH OF JAIL